

R. C. A. F. RECRUITING PARTY WILL VISIT DISTRICT POINTS

Even after almost three years of war, the demand for men and women to serve in the Royal Canadian Airforce is greater than ever. At no time since 1939 have so many openings of all types been available. As the tempo of the war increases, more and more men are required to fly the planes that daily carry death and destruction to the axis powers. For every plane in the air, dozens of mechanics, wireless operators and other skilled workers both men and women are needed on the ground.

The Air Force urgently requires mechanics, wireless operators, pilots, navigators, observers, bomb aimers, and air gunners. Lack of education is no longer a barrier to enlistment; the Air Force is equipped to train applicants in all trades and offers regular pay and allowances during the period of schooling. Applicants for air crew training may be granted leave until after harvest if it is desired.

Women serving in the R.C.A.F.

permit many eligible airmen to be released for flying duties. Women are needed as cooks, waitresses, drivers stenographers, clerks, and telephone operators. Unskilled workers will be trained in the service for the trade chosen. There is an opening for everyone in the Royal Canadian Airforce Women's Division.

All eligible men and women are asked to contact the mobile recruiting unit of the Airforce when it visits this locality: check the time and place on the following schedule.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 2nd—

Wainwright 9:00 to 1:30.

Irma—2:00 to 2:30.

Viking—4:00 to 12:00 p.m.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 3rd—

Bruce—10:00 to 10:30 a.m.

Holden—11:00 to 3:00.

Ryley—3:30 to 5:00.

Tofield—7:00 to 12:00 p.m.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 4th—

Tofield—9:00 to 12:00 p.m.

ARTHUR ELWOOD PETERSON

On August 15 at the Lamont hospital, after a short illness, there passed away one of the best known and most highly respected citizens of the Irma district in the person of Arthur Elwood Peterson, at the age of sixty-three years. He was the eldest son of Mrs. Peterson and the late Mr. L. Peterson. He was born in Iowa and lived there and in Nebraska until 1903 when he came to Canada, homesteading near Carstairs, Alberta. In 1907 he was married to Jennie E. Olson and they made their home in Canada until 1920 when they returned to Nebraska, living there until 1927, since which time he has resided in this district.

He leaves to mourn his loss his wife, two daughters, Mrs. W. E. Ramsey and Mrs. A. C. Archibald, and three sons, Frank of Vancouver, Jack of Provost, and Arthur in training in the R.C.A.F. four brothers, Howard of Irma, Warren of Honolulu, Vernon of Cadomin Alta., and Charlie of Hanford, California, one sister, Mrs. H. Bouck of Heath, and nine grandchildren.

In early manhood he joined the Methodist Church and at the time of his death he was an elder in the local United Church, and the teacher of the adult bible class in the Sunday school.

For many years he has been a member of the board of trustees of the Irma school district. He took a keen interest in hockey, baseball, track meets, the Red Cross, in fact in all community activities. He was a true friend, a good neighbor and a cheerful, upright citizen.

His funeral was on Wednesday, August 19, from the Irma United Church, the pastor, Rev. E. Lorraine, officiating, assisted by the Rev. J. H. Geeson, a former pastor of the local church. The auditorium was beautiful with flowers, the casket being banked with a profusion of floral tributes. Nothing could more eloquently remind us of the one who loved beauty and whose life was fragrant with kindly duties ungrudgingly done.

Now by special request of one of the bereaved we quote a poem recited in the funeral service:

It singeth low in every heart,
We hear it each and all,
A song of those who answer not,
However we may call.
They throng the silence of the
breath,

We see them as of yore,
The kind, the brave, the true, the
sweet,
Who walk with us no more.

Tis hard to take the burden up,
When these have laid it down;
They brightened all the joy of life,
They softened every frown;
But oh, 'tis good to think of them
When we are troubled sore!
Thanks be to God that such have
been,
Though they are here no more!

More homelike seems the vast
unknown,
Since they have entered there;

To follow them were not so hard;
Wherever they may fare;
They cannot be where God is not,
On any sea or shore;
Whate'er betides, Thy love abides,
Our God, for evermore!

Interment was made in the Irma cemetery.

Following is the memoriam fund list: Mr. A. H. Locke; Mr. and Mrs. Reeds; Mrs. Arnold; Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Larson; Mr. and Mrs. Clelland; Mr. and Mrs. Herbert and family; Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher; Mrs. Hewitt; Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Knudsen; Mr. and Mrs. Jim Pond and family; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pyle and family; Mr. Robert Herbert; Mr. and Mrs. Steffeson; Alma; Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Reitan; Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Johnson; Mr. and Mrs. Burton.

Mr. and Mrs. Alf Larson; Mrs. Holt; Miss Reeves; Mr. and Mrs. Joe Gulbrass, Harold and Carl; Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Simmermon and family; Mr. and Mrs. F. Knudson; Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hines; Emel Wirth; Mr. J. A. Hedley; Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Coffin; Mr. and Mrs.

Carl Larson and family; Mr. and Mrs. J. Halvorsen; Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Knudsen, Merl, Helen, Melvin; Mrs. I. Vinjerud; Mrs. I. Knudsen, Aletha and Arthur; Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Erickson; Mr. and Mrs. H. Bouck; Mr. and Mrs. Alf Larson and family; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Peterson, California; Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Alexander.

Floral tributes were from the following: Loving Wife; Mother, Howard and family; Ann Bill and Lonelle; Art; Edith, Harry and family; Grace, Charlie and family; Mary and Armand; Dean and Mary; Feris, Peter and Bert; Weiss, Margaret and Alvin; Bayham; Maxine, Louise and children; the Ott and Stuarts of Wainwright; Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Baergen and family; Mrs. M. A. Flewell and Alice; Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Black; Chas. Holt and family; W. E. Walker; Mr. N. I. Fuder; F. A. Fuder and family; Walter and Hazel Frickleton; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Anderson; Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Hager; Haskon, Vera and family; Mrs. Knowles and family; Mr. and Mrs. Myers and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Halvorsen; Mr. and Mrs. A. Bliskey; Mr. and Mrs. F. Wiese; Mr. and Mrs. A. Long; Mr. and Mrs. F. Hill; Mrs. Chase; Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Jones and family; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Charbo and boys; Mr. and Mrs. J. Archibald and Lawrence; Irene and Joyce; Mr. and Mrs. Raham and family; Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Archibald and family; Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey and family; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Craig and family; Mr. and Mrs. R. Smith; Mr. and Mrs. Cleland; Mrs. A. Enger; Mr. and Mrs. Reinwick and family; Baby Elaine; Marie and Albert; Mr. and Mrs. Goo, Lauron and Tammy; Son Sophia and girls; Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Alexander; Mrs. H. Taylor and family; Della, Stanley and kiddies; Irma United Church organizations; Irma Public School District, and Irma Loyal Social Credit Group.

Moved by Mr. Sutherland that we write the Browning Red Cross and advise them that we have never had any appeal from this party directed to this council for assistance and therefore can accept no liability in this case. Cd.

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FEED FREIGHT POLICY

Government Announces That This Policy Will Be Continued

Hon. J. G. Gardner, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, says that the decision of the Government to continue indefinitely its policy of paying freight on feed grains shipped east from Port Arthur and Fort William, and west from Edmonton and Calgary to British Columbia, is evidently being well received by farmers.

Under the 1941 arrangement, the policies would have normally expired on July 1, 1942, but now its indefinite continuance will further enable farmers profitably to maintain and increase the food products urgently required and also to plan in advance their live stock and poultry breeding and feeding operations in a constructive manner. During last winter and spring, through the reduced freight rates, with virtually no freight charges east of Fort William and Fort Arthur, farmers received benefits equivalent to several millions of dollars spent on freight assistance.

Under the freight regulations, assistance is available to all who move feeds in compliance with the provisions of the policies, the aim being to lower the cost of feeds to farmers and poultrymen in Eastern Canada and British Columbia, whether the feeders buy the feed grains direct in carlots or by the bag lot from the local dealers, provided the feed grains are to be used exclusively for live stock and poultry. It has also been the aim of the Feeds Administrator to see that the farmers received full benefits from the policies by close checking to make sure that manufacturers and dealers carried out their obligations in passing the benefits to the farmers in the prices which were charged.

Feeds on which the Dominion Government is now paying freight to Eastern Canada distribution points include the following grains, whole or ground: Western wheat, oats, barley, rye, No. 1 feed screenings, and No. 2 feed screenings, and also bran, shorts, and middlings derived from the milling of Western wheat. Freight assistance in the case of feed movement to British Columbia covers all the foregoing feeds, and in addition takes in Manitoba corn.

Definite regulations govern feed movements under these policies, one of which is, as mentioned that feed moved must be distributed for use exclusively as feed in Eastern Canada or British Columbia, as the case may be, for Canadian live stock or poultry, while, in the case of assistance on feeds moved into British Columbia, freight rates shown in Canadian Freight Association Tariff No. 145 must be used when they can be applied.

Movement under these policies has been heavy during the past winter and spring, officials of the Department of Agriculture pointing out that claims passed and paid to May 31, 1942, have totalled approximately \$5,000,000.

Fewer Types Available

Ruling On Flexible Electric Cord With Save Rubber

Discontinuance of 21 lines of flexible electric cord for use on toasters, irons, floor lamps and so on has been ordered by the wartime prices and trade board.

The order, in line with the board's program of simplification and standardization, leaves nine lines available for such purposes.

All cords for domestic purposes using outside coatings of rubber are eliminated, and braided cotton coverings will be used instead. Silk-covered cords are also eliminated, the board announced.

The saving of rubber will be substantial, the board said. In one line alone—rubber-jacketed cord used for portage lamps—about 27,000 pounds of best-grade plantation rubber now can be diverted to war purposes. Such a quantity is sufficient to provide rubber tracks, rubber insulated wire and shock padding for 18 army tanks.

Use Mobile Gas Room

Polish Spokesman Said Nazis Execute 1,000 Jews Every Day

A Polish spokesman said he had received reports that German occupation authorities, using vans fitted as gas chambers, had executed 1,000 Jews a day in Poland since last November. The reports said 90 Jews were executed at a time in the mobile gas chambers. They said 700,000 Jews had been slain in Poland during the war, and the Germans threatened to exterminate every Jew in Europe before it is over.

Stone was used for telegraph poles in India before iron came into use. Wood cannot be used on account of white ants.

The 1939 tulip crop was used as cattle feed in Holland.

Dr. Allan Roy Dafoe Has Daughter-in-Law Now



In the Church of the Redeemer, Toronto, William Allan Dafoe, son of the famous doctor of the Dionne quintuplets, took unto himself a bride. She is the former Miss Marion Elizabeth Weymark, Glencoe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William John Weymark of Shaunavon, Sask. Canon R. A. Armstrong performed the ceremony. Dr. Dafoe is pictured here with his daughter-in-law and son after the wedding. He gave the bride in marriage.

Sweet Revenge

Nations Of European Countries Training In Canada Will Lead Invasion

When Canada's forces finally go into action in countries now in enemy hands, men who have called these lands home will be with the vanguard, Maj. J. Leal, liaison officer for foreign forces training in Canada.

"Each day more preparations are being made for the revenge which will be heaped upon the aggressor when the United Nations begin to march through Europe," Maj. Leal said, commenting on the part played in the Allied war effort by the nations represented at United Nations flag ceremonies on Parliament Hill.

Nationals of each of the United Nations now are training in Canada. Maj. Leal said, and recruiting is being carried out in the Dominion for the armed of Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Free France, the Netherlands, Yugoslavia and Norway.

The Canadian government had made provision to aid other United Nations to train their nationals living in Canada.

Canada, Maj. Leal said, is preparing for the day of invasion of German occupied territory, the day when men of the occupied countries will march with the Canadian soldiers.

"They know their own country," he said. "They know and love the land. With them as guides and interpreters the Canadians and other British soldiers will be better able to organize the subjugated peoples into a solid front against the Axis."

VITAMIN PICKS UP LIGHT

Vitamin A can be traced in fish tissue by means of ultra-violet light, says the annual report of the Canadian Fisheries Research Board. Because vitamin A is fluorescent, it picks up the invisible ultra-violet light, translates the rays into visible light and thus betrays itself.

Aztec calendars were made of stone, and sometimes weighed 20 tons.

In All Nations

Can Be Found Many People Who Have Excellent Qualities

I, for one, like all foreigners, but I do not pretend to like them all equally. I like the Americans best, and then the French, and then the Germans, and then the Italians and then the Greeks, and so on through a long list. I do not dislike the Americans because they are boastful; I like them because they are warm-hearted. I do not dislike the French because they are bad-tempered; I like them because they are very intelligent. I do not like the Germans because they are suspicious and jealous; I like them because they are interesting companions. I do not dislike the Italians because they are theatrical; I like them because they sing when they sell vegetables. It is as silly to seek for the peculiar English qualities among foreigners as it would be to order eggs and bacon a la Perouse. All this like and dislike business is beside the point; if I knew the Japanese (which I am glad to say I do not), I would certainly find among them some virtue to appreciate and admire; and that fact that I like German virtues even as I like Italian virtues does not mean that I would not sacrifice my property and my life rather than let the Nazi or the Fascist doctrine triumph over the earth.—Harold Nicolson in The Spectator (London).

Could Spare Three

Nigerian Chieftain Offers To Send Sons To Kill Hitler

A Nigerian chieftain has offered to send three of his sons, with the bows and arrows which his tribes still use, to Berlin to kill Adolf Hitler, the British war office announced.

"I have many sons," the chief told the British commander in the Nigerian zone of British West Africa. "I can easily spare three of them to put an end to the man who is causing so much trouble. They will stalk him like any other jungle beast."

Buy War Savings Certificates.

Village Conscripted

British Military Authorities Take Over And Evacuate Citizens

Word comes from England of a modern "Deserted Village." A strange thing has happened. A historic English village, on the southeast coast, facing France, has been taken over by the military authorities. All the inhabitants have gone. Many had lived there all their lives. "Gear and implements," says the London Times, "have disappeared from farm buildings and fields." Even the brasses have been removed from the church where most of the population were baptized and married.

This piece of news is enough to give wings to the imagination. Why have all the inhabitants gone away? Is this a portent of coming great events? We may be certain that although the inhabitants are no longer about to do their little tasks and to chat "of an evening" the village is not actually deserted. Quite probably it throbs with a new life. Soldiers are seen on the village green. Great guns are mounted on the cricket field. This village has been conscripted. Perhaps its name will go into history as being the scene of an act in a world drama of which the final act will be the fall of Hitler.

This Modern War

Cannot Be Fought According To Orthodox Prejudices And Ideas

To win this war we must strip ourselves of all preconceived ideas and prejudices. The mind that refuses to march with events, whether it be in the Government, the services or in responsible positions outside them, must be discarded. Orthodox methods and ways are no longer of any utility. Such methods could have won the war only if the war had followed the expected pattern. London Daily Mail.

The Indian Ocean covers 29,000,000 square miles; the Atlantic, approximately 41,000,000 and the Pacific, nearly 69,000,000.

Raid On Bremen Adds To Toll Of Mounting R.A.F. Fury



Two Canadian squadrons, paying their third deadly visit to Germany in five days, participated in the 300-plane foray of the R.A.F. which smashed Bremen June 9, attacked air fields and shipping, and left raging fires behind them. Here are pictured a few of the air crews of a recent mass raid showing high good humor on their safe return to their field.

Closed For Duration

Chicago Grain Show Added To List Of Cancelled Fairs

The big annual fairs on this continent are closing down for the duration. The latest to announce suspension until the war is over is the great autumn international grain show and livestock exposition at Chicago. Its record of 42 years will be broken this fall and there will be no new wheat, oat and other grain kings from Alberta or anywhere else this year.

Canada's biggest annual fair, Toronto's Canadian National Exhibition, was cancelled some weeks ago when the military authorities took over all its spacious grounds and buildings. The Royal Winter Fair of that city was called off last winter. Vancouver's annual fair also has been stopped.

The reason for suspension of the great Chicago show is the fact that every available form of transportation is needed urgently for the American war production effort. In Canada, a similar national need for trains and motor vehicles will affect the ordinary course of life more and more as the weeks pass.—Edmonton Journal.

PLANT DRUGS

Wartime Scarcity Has Turned Attention To Cultivation Of Certain Plants

In a paper entitled "The Problem of Medicinal Plant Production During Wartime" given before the recent meeting of the Royal Society of Canada, Dr. Harold Senn, Associate Botanist, Division of Botany, Dominion Department of Agriculture, disclosed that the progress of the war has successively eliminated more and more of the usual sources of plant drugs. Since the beginning of the war, the Division of Botany has studied the possibilities of increasing the production of certain drug plants already being grown in Canada and of commencing the production of others.

Many plant drugs are used in the manufacture of proprietary medicines, but only relatively few are absolutely essential to the practising physician. Emphasis has been placed on the latter group.

Canada has the only native source of Cascara Sagrada in the British Empire, stated Dr. Senn, and supplies an important part of the world demand for this valuable drug. The drug is obtained from the bark of the Cascara tree which grows in British Columbia. Surveys indicate that the number of trees has been rapidly diminishing due to wasteful methods of cutting. The province of British Columbia has now passed legislation protecting the tree and carefully regulating the methods of harvesting. Methods of growing the Cascara tree in plantations are being studied.

Digitalis, Belladonna and Henbane are other drugs important in wartime. There appears to be adequate supplies of the common Foxglove, Digitalis purpurea, available but there is a considerable demand for another species, Digitalis lanata. Seed supplies of this, as well as of Belladonna and Henbane, are very scarce and steps have been taken to increase the amount of seed available as rapidly as possible.

Ergot is a drug obtained from a fungus which grows as a parasite on rye and other grains and grasses. The amount of infested rye varies from year to year with weather conditions. Labor costs have largely prevented Canadian ergot being collected and offered for sale. Experiments are being conducted to determine whether ergot may be economically produced under controlled conditions.

In addition to the work on these few drug plants, important for wartime uses, many others are being grown experimentally and particular emphasis is being placed on the search for strains or varieties with higher drug potencies.

The general public should be warned, urged Dr. Senn, that the growing and harvesting of drug plants is usually a difficult undertaking requiring great care and technical skill if the product is to be of any value. Although prices of some products may now be high the beginner cannot usually hope to receive large financial profits.

Affects All Countries

War Can Never Be Confined To One Country Alone

Transportation's importance could be no better illustrated than by the fact that in Cuba there are at least 3,600,000 tons of sugar—approximately half this country's normal annual consumption—and that most of it will stay there because we cannot find ships to haul it. Even the methods of ferrying it to Gulf ports and then hauling it by rail to the east coast refineries is as inadequate as it is costly.

It seems the average ships available for the trade carries 3,500 tons. That would mean 1,000 round trips—a great many ships, when there is taken into account the time for loading and unloading, to say nothing of the delays and losses caused by submarines. And it is possible that Cuban planters, for lack of space to store a crop, will decrease their acreage and thus cause a secondary shortage. Thus war's effects pass from one dominion to another.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

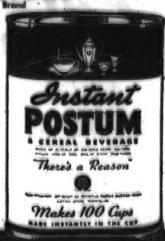
SAVED THE LOVE

"Hi-Life," publication of Hendricks Field at Sebring, Fla., tells about a letter received by the sweethearts of a soldier in the Pacific war zone. The letter had passed through the usual censor routine in California. Opening the girl found a slip of paper on which was written: "Your boy friend still loves you, but he talks too much." The slip was signed "Censor."

Rock so soft that it bonds like wood is found not far from Brazil's deposits of diamonds, valued for their hardness.

No Coupons Needed for Postum

You don't need ration coupons to buy Postum. This grand mealtime beverage with its delicious robust flavor offers you a splendid way to conserve tea and coffee. It's instantly made in the cup — VERY ECONOMICAL.



"ALL THAT GLITTERS"

By ANNE TEDLOCK BROOKS

CHAPTER XXXV.

Ranny went through the kitchen door into the ancient wine cellar, followed its tunnel and hastened through a trapdoor that old black Gran had told them of in one of her stories. It had been made especially so that the family and the servants could escape into an orchard, if a surprise raid were made on them during war days.

Tamar and her father followed him to the opening of the tunnel and waited to see his flashlight beam playing along in the darkness until he came to the heavy outer door.

Ranny opened it carefully, afraid that the creak of its hinges would give away his presence. For a strange moment he thought this might be one of Tamar's and his childhood adventures into imaginary danger. The barberry bushes had grown so closely over the door that he had to push them aside to crawl out.

If any one had been watching the house they had not seen any light from an opening door. Ranny crawled quietly around the hedge into the drive leading past the stables. Keeping well under cover of the trunks of the big trees, he moved quietly. He was counting on finishing his search before the police sirens split the quiet of the evening.

The moon shone fitfully through the clouds, and there in the horses' burial plot rose the white shaft of the famous racer, Tahlshneka I.

A shabby figure stooped low above the slight mound. A man was fumbling about in the hollow of the shaft. He gave a satisfied grunt and rose.

Ranny leaped upon him, knocking him flat.

"If you move I'll shoot," he said. Ranny's hands went swiftly over the prostrate man's pockets, and he took out a gun. He turned the man over, so that his flash could play upon his face.

"Fetten!"

"I ain't done nothin'," Mr. Todd. Honest I ain't."

"Get up! What were you doing there at the monument?"

"—nothin'." In the glare of the flashlight Fetten's face showed a sickening, greenish cast, and his voice shook.

"I'll shoot you like a dog, Fetten, if you don't speak up." Strange words for Ranny, who had never wanted to kill even a mouse. He pushed the gun into Fetten's ribs.

"Don't!"

"You took the ransom money out of there, didn't you?"

"—no! I don't know nothin' about no money. Honest, Mr. Todd."

"Now, look here, Fetten. There's somebody in this besides you. If you

tell the truth, you won't be punished as much as if you lie. You know that, don't you? The police are up there at the house. If they take you into town and men know you helped in kidnapping Miss Randolph, they'll take you away from the law and hang you by the neck—till you're dead!" His voice so tense and deep brought a shiver to Tetten.

"I didn't have nothin' to do with Miss Randolph. I don't know nothin' about it," he cried. "All I did was to tell the Major where a good hidin' place for a small box would be that nobody'd ever know. I told him about this place. Then right before last I got word to come and get the box and keep it at my place until it was called for."

"Start to the house," Ranny commanded, turning him in the direction. Just as they came into the circle of lights from the living-room window, a siren sounded, and in another moment police were spilling out of the car.

"This man should be handcuffed," Ranny said, turning Fetten over to them. "Will one of you come with me?"

Ranny retraced his steps back to the shaft in the burial plot. The patrolman who followed him stood by while Ranny put his hand into the hollow. It was empty. He exclaimed suddenly as he stepped into soft soil. Some one had been digging around the base of the shaft. It was in two parts, and together the men heaved at the rectangular base. It moved aside easily.

Ranny held his flashlight as the other man pushed aside the loose top soil. "I know what it is," Ranny said grimly. "The gold ingots!"

When Ranny reached the house he was out of breath. The mystery of the gold ingots had been cleared, he exulted, and Fetten had been about telling Towne where to find the ransom money place. He had worked hand-in-hand with Louie on that point. He might have told the Major where to have the gold hidden after the plane had gone without it.

The Major must have been frantic to find that his plans about the plane had gone astray.

Fetten had been a tool, all along. Fetten broke down in front of Tamar. He said: "Member that day I asked you not to go back over the Cricket Hill road! I know they're goin' to take the gold. Honest, I didn't know how it'd turn out."

Tamar looked at him pitifully. Why had they used any one so ignorant as Fetten? Perhaps they had thought by this very simpleness that he would not be able to figure out anything.

She heard Ranny at the door and went to meet him. "Ranny?"

He stood there in the light of the old chandelier grinning at her. "I hated to dig it up without you, Tamar. I found the treasure!"

"What do you mean?" she asked breathlessly. "Not . . . ?"

"Yep! Real treasure." He whispered into her ear. "The gold ingots. Better than any pirate buried on any deserted island."

Tamar touched his hand. There was blood on it where the stinging vines of the overhanging bushes at the tunnel door had torn at them. His long fingers were covered with grime.

The next morning Tamar slept late. When she did awaken, she felt that she would never like to stir out of the comfort of home again. She stretched luxuriously on her bed. The incidents of last night returned with a rush. She hated to find out what this morning's investigation would bring to light. She wanted tomorrow to be a fresh day without anything to blot out its happiness.

The telephone rang and Tamar picked it up reluctantly. Her face brightened when she heard Selby's voice. Selby had learned last night of her trip into Atlanta to identify Louie and Therese. She wanted to bring new thoughts and plans into

Tamar's mind, so that the last few days would lose their hurt.

"Tamar, I'm sending Dick for you right now. I have permission from your Father. You're going to come and stay a few days with me. I need you so terribly. I want you to help me with some plans," her voice trembled in its eagerness. "Get Phoebe to pack while you eat breakfast, 'cause Dick's already on his way."

"But Selby! I shouldn't leave just when Dad needs me. Oh, I'd love to come all right, but—"

"You're coming, Tamar," she said matterfully. "If they need you for anything they'll know where you are. I'm not going to let you sit at home and brood. You need me and I need you. Put on your bonnet and dash!" She hung up quickly so there could be no further argument.

Tamar was sorely tempted to go to Pinecrest. It would be fun to share Selby's secret and her plans. It would be nice to escape all of the worry of today's investigations, but she felt that it wasn't exactly fair to slip away and leave her father to go through it alone.

Phoebe's shuffling step was heard at the door and her light tap sounded. "Come in, Phoebe." Tamar sat up on the edge of her bed and stretched her arms high above her head.

"Chile, yo' breafast am waitin'. All but yo' toast. Aristole am bringin' yo' tray so's yo' can eat whilst I pack yo' bags." She marched firmly toward the closet.

"I'm not going, Phoebe, so you might as well get my place with Dad's in the breakfast room."

"Dat man been gone so long ago dat de wheel tracks am growin' cent'ry plain'ty by dis time," Phoebe grinned at her. "He say yo' must've went out dat bed and git to Pinecrest spontan'sly. He done tol' Mist' Dick to drag yo' by de ha' on yo' back, if yo' objecks."

Tamar laughed. "Put one over on me!" She sighed comfortably. "I dash through a shower, Phoebe. Lay out my black costume suit will you?" She pulled off her pajama jacket as she hurried into the bathroom and turned on the shower, testing its temperature.

"Hallelujah! Ol' times a comin' back!" Phoebe's big eyes closed a moment in thankfulness. "Look lak things goin' be okey-dokee, Tamar, honey." She held up Tamar's white formal and eyed them critically. She slipped them back into their cellulose bags and carefully placed them in the big case. "Miss Selby bout to habba party o' these!"

Phoebe leaned against the doorframe and looked for a moment into Miss Marie's room. She shook her head and said softly. "Good thing, Miss Ma's, dat yo' watchin' dat Tamar, and speakin' to de good Law 'bout takin' ca' ob he." She was needin' powful lot to 'tenshun dese days."

Phoebe opened the chest and took out a pile of satin lingerie. Soft peach colored silks, lovely lace and pastel ribbons. Phoebe laid her black hand on them caressingly. "No soft' dan mah baby's so' cheek," she crooned. "Dat you, Stotie? Ah'll take dat. Now, you betta skin back down dem sta's fo' de leaves grows back on de tree." She set the tray down on the night table and lifted the lid of the little silver coffee pot.

"Dat's good coffee, Phoebe. Ah'm s'prised dat yo' still knows how to cook afte' all yo' been th'ough."

Tamar's song had stopped. The silence was portentous. She came back with a great towel wrapped about her, padding over the hall carpet softly. She stood in the doorway of her room, a strange smile lighting her face making it radiant.

Phoebe looked at her over her head. Her gray eyebrows came together quizzically.

(To Be Continued)

DID YOU KNOW THAT:



—Plates courtesy Monetary Times, Toronto.

On clear days the citizens of Ottawa can tell the time by the sun thanks to a sundial on the walls of the Mother House of the Grey Nuns. An Associated Screen "Did You Know That?" movie short shows it as a two-faced clock on the corner of the building, for one face serves the morning hours, another the afternoon hours.

Had To Come Home

Japs Would Not Allow Washington Columnist to Go to China

Leonard Lyons, in New York Post, says Joe Alsop, the Washington columnist who was captured in Hong Kong, is one of the American sent home, after the Japanese-American exchange of interned civilians. Alsop, who is related to the President, had resigned his commission in the U.S. Navy to work for the Chinese government in Chungking. He, of course, expressed great delight at being liberated, but protested against being sent back to America. He wanted the Japs to set him free at the point nearest to his place of capture, the place to which he will return in any event—China.

SMILE AWHILE

The English kids teacher said to him: "Roland, what is a gnome?" And he said: "Please, teacher an 'ouse."

"Sweetheart," he said, "when you smile in the moonlight your teeth gleam like pearls."

"Oh!" she said. "And when were you out in the moonlight with Pearson?"

Captain Field Artillery—Is this gun working?

Private—No sir. It's discharged.

Mr. Duingard, what is a twip?

"A twip, sir, is a wide on a twain."

Customer: "I hear my son has owed you for a suit for three years."

Taylor: "Yes, sir; have you called to settle the account?"

Customer: "No, I'd like a suit for myself."

There was a young lady of Crewe who wanted to catch the 22.

Said a porter, "Don't hurry.

Or worry or hurry.

It's a minute or 2 2 2 2."

"The pint of milk you left me yesterday was sour."

Milkman: "I'm very sorry, madam."

"Quite, but what are you going to do about it?"

"Well, I can bring you a recipe for making cheese."

"Doesn't itadden you when a girl slows about getting ready to go to dinner with you?"

"Yes, the longer she takes the longer she gets."

The trouble with you, my boy," his teacher said, "is that you don't know the King's English."

"Oh yes I do, miss," he replied.

"After all, you wouldn't expect him to be anything else, would you?"

"Now, Robert," said the teacher: "can you tell me what human nature is?"

"Yes, ma'am" replied Robert. "It's people fore they get into society."

"But, my dear sir, I can't prescribe whisky for you unless I am convinced from your symptoms that you need it."

"What symptoms would you suggest, doctor?"

"I wish to complain," said the bride haughtily, "about the flour you sold me. It was tough."

"Tough, ma'am?" asked the grocer.

"Yes, tough. I made a pie with it and my husband could hardly cut it."

Doctor: "You must take this medicine every two hours."

Mrs. Newlyrich: "Only every two hours, but, doctor, you are well aware that our means permit it oftener than that!"



Caught Off Guard

Counsel In Damage Suit Won Case By Clever Question

Francis L. Wellman, a former District Attorney of New York city, told this story: A laboring man was suing a Street Railway company for damages arising out of a collision between two surface cars. He had testified that he had been permanently injured and, as a result, could not raise his arm above a point parallel with his shoulder. If his contention were correct, it was case for heavy damages.

Counsel for the Street Railway, however, was convinced that the man was exaggerating. The difficulty was to prove it. On cross-examination, and after a few sympathetic questions, the man was asked to be good enough to show the jury the extreme limit to which he could raise his arm since the accident. He slowly, and with considerable difficulty, raised his arm to the parallel of his shoulder.

"Now raise the same arm, and show the jury how high you could get it before the accident," quietly continued counsel. Whereupon the witness raised his arm to its full extent above his head, amid peals of laughter from the court and jury.

"Now raise the same arm, and show the jury how high you could get it before the accident," quietly continued counsel. Whereupon the witness raised his arm to its full extent above his head, amid peals of laughter from the court and jury.

Dr. Walter Judd, a chemist who developed the chemical under the direction of Dr. Grinnell Jones, who is associated with Harvard's laboratories.

The chemical can be sprayed on new wood or applied with a paint brush.



HOME SERVICE

CHART A QUICK WAY TO LEARN THE PIANO

How To Join The Magic Circle

Not enough attention? One way to get attention is to deserve it! Playing the piano you always have admirers.

Not that the piano is hard to learn; it is not. You can learn to play interestingly with the aid of a keyboard chart that shows at a glance which keys to play for which music notes.

So that from the very start you know how to read music! And our diagram shows how you can play popular pieces without long hours of practice. Just simplify by playing the melody line with your right hand and with your left some easy harmonizing chords.

Yes, those numbers below our melody line represents chords. Each number corresponds to a numbered key on your chart. Look at your chart numbers, then at your chart and play.

You soon learn all the basic chords you need this way—and you know so many pieces that people think you're playing for real.

Our 24-page instruction book has tables of chords and full-size keyboard chart. Gives lessons in rhythm, elements of music; has three pieces for you to play.

Send 50¢ in coins for your copy of "Quick Course in Piano Playing" to Home Service Dept., Winnipeg News-Paper Union, 178 McDermot Ave., E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your name, address, and the name of instruction book.

THE RAILWAY AND THE WAR

Thomas Topham's series of twelve drawings illustrating the parts played by the National Railways in Canada's War Effort will be published in booklet form.

PRICE: TEN CENTS

Proceeds to Canadian War Services Fund of the Canadian Employees War Services Association to provide comforts for members of the Fighting Services.

To secure a copy send Ten Cents in stamps to

W. E. DOBBS
General Passenger Agent,
Canadian National Railways
WINNIPEG, MAN.

Fire Retarding

Chemical Has Been Perfected By Refugee Who Escaped From Germany

Perfection of a secret, fire-retarding chemical by a German refugee with a view to protecting women and children in war zones and by the armed forces has been reported by a Harvard university professor.

Dr. Walter Judd, a chemist who developed the chemical under the direction of Dr. Grinnell Jones, who is associated with Harvard's laboratories.

The chemical can be sprayed on new wood or applied with a paint brush.

CANADIAN RAILWAYS

It speaks well for the careful manner in which Canadian railways are operated and for the attention paid to their roadbeds and equipment that the period of exceptionally heavy traffic through which they are passing is marked by so few serious accidents. This is the more remarkable when it is recognized that many of the men now engaged in railway work may be classed as "green hands." — Brockville Recorder and Times.

FLY-TOX Quick, Sure Death to Filthy Flies

Over 30 diseases—including poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis)—are spread by flies. Fly-Tox is renowned as the safe, sure way to destroy flies. It's easy and pleasant to use. Each Fly-Tox mist particle kills 500 flies to touch. It's harmless to pets and humans—cheaper because it takes less to kill. Save metal and money—buy large sizes.

FLY-TOX Kills Flies and All Insects

Kills Flies and All Insects



The LETTER BOX

SHORTAGE OF NURSES

Plans are now being formulated by the Canadian Nurses Association to overcome the "acute shortage of well qualified graduate nurses in Canada which will become even more alarming as the months pass." Miss Rae Chittick, president of the Alberta Registered Nurses Association, announced today.

"The situation today can be explained briefly, as follows," Miss Chittick said. "Normally we have about 23,000 graduate nurses in Canada."

"The average number of students enrolled in Schools of Nursing in Canada is 11,200 of which about 3,000 graduate annually but approximately 30 percent marry within two years of graduation and are lost to the profession."

"Since the war started about 1,000 graduate nurses have enrolled in the armed forces or for service in South Africa while during this period, the demand for competent nurses in hospitals, industry, and public health work, has increased by an appreciable margin."

"At present there is an alarming shortage which can only be remedied if parents, and daughters who show inclination, and who have the educational background, will interest themselves in the honourable profession of nursing which so well fits a girl for shouldering responsibilities all through her life."

"Nursing today offers many more opportunities than it did a few years ago. Hours are shorter, salaries, generally, are better than they were a few years ago."

"At the same time married and retired nurses who are physically fit can assist by reporting back for duty and, where necessary, take refresher courses which are now being planned."

"The Canadian Nurses' Association, with the assistance of the dominion government, is now considering quite substantial loans and bursaries designed to increase the number of qualified nurses and the number of those who can be trained, and fitted, for educational and special work."

"The Association is also studying clinical services in hospitals with a view to setting up standards for post-graduate experience and is planning the establishment of a nurse placement service or bureau at national headquarters which will be invaluable in the post-war period."

"All the efforts of the Association, however, cannot overcome the shortage unless eligible young women and their parents realize that, upon them, to a major extent, depends whether this alarming situation will be remedied." From Alberta Registered Nurses Association, 815, 18th Avenue W., Calgary, Alberta.



HER WORDS ARE MUSIC

Melinda Garcia Guerrero was born in Santiago, Chile, studied art in Brussels and Paris, toured Canada with Francis Lederer's company in "Autumn Crocus" two years ago, made her first radio audition at Toronto less than two months ago, made her network debut two days later. Senorita Guerrero's delightful voice has added a Spanish note—piquant and vivacious—to the current CBC musical presentation, "Serenata". The programme, heard over Station CKB Watrous (540 Kcs) presents Latin American music Mondays at 8:00 p.m. CDT, 7:00 p.m. MDT, from Toronto, under the direction of Isidor Sherman.

V—

Wartime Prices and Trade Board News

False Rumour About Sugar.

S. B. Noble, sugar Administrator of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board branded the rumour that there were excessive stocks of sugar on hand in Canada as "false and absurd," saying, "Anyone circulating mischievous rumours of this sort is undermining our war effort, and giving back door aid to the enemy by fostering distrust and discontent among the people at home."

One story alleges that there are 400,000,000 pounds of sugar in warehouses in southern Alberta, which Mr. Noble states exceeds Alberta's total production of sugar for the past five years! Surplus stocks of sugar have been shipped to Ontario. For the first time in history, Alberta sugar is marketed east of Winnipeg.

Three quarters of the requirements of sugar in Canada are imported. Extra demands will be filled only at the risk of gallant sugarmen's lives and ships.

V—

Ration Card Number Goes On Sugar Voucher

When buying sugar, home preserving, take your ration card to the retailer and he will transcribe the number from it on your sugar voucher, advises the Wartime Prices and Trade Board. This keeps all record straight. No coupons are required for sugar for preserving and jam making, but the purchaser's name, address and number of the ration card must be recorded on the voucher.

The simplest way is to take your ration card when making the purchase.

V—

Barb Wire Now Made in One Size.

Manufacture of barbed wire has been reduced from four sizes to one and manufacture is limited to 60 per cent of the average tonnage sold in previous years for consumption. Announcement comes from the Administrator of Fabricated Steel and Non-Ferrous Metals W. P. T. B. Steel is in heavy demand for war purposes, and the measure will ensure a saving of zinc used for coating the wire.

Types of barbed wire to be made will be that weighing 37 pounds net per 80 rod reel, or 58 pounds gross shipping weight, (including the reel) of two lines of wire and 4 point barb, six inches apart. Single strand barbed wire shall be sold only to agencies of the federal government. Stocks of prohibited sizes on hand may be sold, but each manufacturer is required to apportion his sales and deliveries fairly, for Canadian consumption.

V—

Harvesters Carry Tea, Coffee Coupons

Farmers' wives signing vouchers for sugar for harvesters, optimistically write in for extra allotments of tea and coffee, only to be turned down by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board. Supplies of tea and coffee for harvesters must come out of the ration allocation. So harvester worker, if you want a cup of coffee, put your return card in your pocket when you

go up country with the crew.

VIKING ITEMS

Archie Thompson of Ranfurly was a visitor in town Saturday evening, accompanying Freddie Reishus who is taking the position of agent for the Searle Grain Co. here. Archie was employed in the Viking Meat Market some twenty years ago and was looking up some of the old-timers with whom he renewed acquaintances and chatted over old times.

A. F. Bennett, of the dairy commissioner's department, has been enjoying a holiday here as guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Skalitzky. They took a trip to Killam to see the cheese factory in operation on Tuesday and were impressed with the work there. Mr. Bennett did a little steaking for J. J. but didn't like a barley spear that jabbed him.

A farmer suggests that no more dances be held during the harvest season as it throws the young folks and those who attend out of gear for a day or two. Generally speaking, dances are usually off the social affairs list until after threshing when harvest festivals and chicken dinners are the order of the day.

We understand Tom Hoskins has resigned as agent for the Searle Grain Co. and with his family will shortly move to B.C. where he will have other employment.

Alfred Wollen arrived home from New Westminster, B.C., last week for a visit at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Wollen.

A. Tegnander has sold his residence to Mrs. Levi Gibson and with his family has moved to Edmonton to reside.

We noted on Monday six commercial travellers in one car, whereas not so long ago they would ordinarily drive a car each.

Rai nthat began Tuesday evening has put a damper on harvesting operations for a few days. What is needed is some more warm weather.

Fish from Boyne Lake graced the tables of several families in town on Tuesday after a fishing party consisting of Mr and Mrs. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. R. Brooke, G. T. Loney and young sons, Miss Joan Gillespie and Wm. Gillespie returned from a successful trip to this beautiful lake teeming with fish of all kinds. Boyne lake is about one hundred miles straight north of town and many of our citizens have brought home some good catches during the summer.

Wm. Love and crew from Regina are at work grading the road east of town. The elevating grader shoots the dirt from the ditches onto the centre of the road in a steady stream. The grader is hauled by a large caterpillar tractor and does the work of several small outfits in a much shorter time.

Mr. and Mrs. Tolka, Hafso of Viking district announces the marriage of their daughter Tilda Caroline to Mr. George Olynyk, son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Olynyk, of Edmonton. The wedding took place in the First Presbyterian church, Edmonton, on August 8th at five o'clock in the afternoon. The bride was given in marriage by her father.

The Viking public and high schools open on Tuesday, September 1st at nine o'clock A. M. At this time the summer vacation ends and the fall term of school begins.

Two new teachers will greet the pupils this year. Miss Jean Fowler, of Edmonton, has been engaged as assistant principal, replacing Miss Towers who has accepted a similar position at Stony Plain. Mr. J. S. Brimacombe, of Vermilion, has been engaged to teach Grades 7, 8, and 9. Mr. George Lewis presided over these grades last year but is now with the R. C. A. F. Miss Hall has been retained as teacher for Grades 4, 5, and 6, while Mrs. Clark will have charge of the primary room. Mr. W. S. Elliott is principal of the school again this year. We understand that Mr. Earl Hardy, for the past several years principal of the Kindergarten schools, has been engaged by the Holden School Division to supervise general shop work in the schools of the Division and affiliated schools in place of Mr. Casson, while Miss Elsa Robinson will teach home economics again this year.

A memorable milestone was reached by the Viking Elks Lodge last Wednesday when the 200th consecutive meeting since its inception was celebrated. A business session was held in the afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock. At 6:30 lunch was served in the hall. The evening meeting was devoted to initiations and reminiscences of the past. Ten members from Wainwright Lodge were in attendance. At 8 o'clock the members marched to the Mem-

World of Wheat

by H. G. L. Strange
Director of the Searle Grain Co.

HEAVY RAINS AND ABUNDANT RAINS

The heavy rains of this year have produced an abundant crop of weeds particularly in fields on which flax was sown. Unfortunately, the bulk of these weed plants have set to seed and so when the crop is cut vast quantities of new weed seeds will be scattered in the surface soil. Special efforts should be made to cope with this new and heavy weed infestation.

As quickly as harvesting and threshing will permit, farmers will be well advised to give a light cultivation or harrowing to their fields so as to encourage as many of the new seeds as possible to germinate and to grow before the winter sets in. Then the winter freeze-up will kill large quantities of the tender young plants and those that survive the winter will be ready to be killed by a light cultivation as soon as the spring thaw takes place. Cultivating or harrowing this fall is better than plowing, for if plowing is done the weed seeds are merely turned under, will not germinate this fall, but will come up with the crop next year to spread twenty times as many weeds over the land.

V—

POLICE WILL CHECK ON TRUCK SPEED

Heavy truck speeds in Alberta will be reduced on Sept. 1 to 30 miles per hour on all highways, according to a definite announcement by Hon. W. A. Fallow, minister of public works.

This step has been taken for the preservation of the main highways, some of which already have been severely damaged.

The provincial highway traffic board also is to bring into operation a new maximum truck load remains at 30,000 pounds, but there is a maximum of 15,000 pounds for each axle. This order will have the effect of curtailing the loads on some trucks which frequently were overloaded on the rear tires.

The provincial directors of the Alberta Motor Association had recommended to the government that the speed of heavy trucks be reduced to a maximum of 30 miles per hour, as a solution of the problem.

The A.M.A. suggestion was approved by the truckers and now it has been adopted by the government. So far as light delivery or farmers' trucks are concerned, there is no change in the speed limit of 40 miles per hour.

The provincial authorities also have announced that the new regulations governing the speed of heavy trucks will be rigorously enforced by the R.C.M.P. and highway traffic board inspectors.

ial Park for a flag raising ceremony. The old flag was replaced by one donated by Mrs. J. Heslop of Phillips district.

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Eat Hash—and like it!

"I tell my family that as long as Jack is overseas, we'll eat hash and like it."

"WE ARE at war. It costs lots to win. It would cost everything to lose. So I don't figure that because we'll soon pay a small amount as compulsory savings, I can fold my hands and say 'That's that!' No sir! Some people may need compulsory savings to save something for their own good. But that's the minimum. I'm out to save all I can to buy War Savings Stamps and Certificates to help win the war and have something substantial put by for the days when there won't be all this work and overtime."

"I've christened my garbage can 'Hiller' and believe me he doesn't get anything that's worth anything."



Buy War Savings Stamps from druggists, banks, post offices, telephone offices, department stores, gas stations, tobacconists and other retail stores. Certificates may be purchased for immediate delivery in denominations of \$5, \$10, \$25 from banks, trust companies and post offices.

National War Finance Committee

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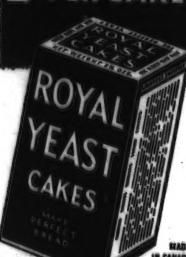
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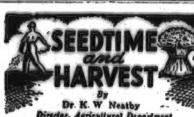
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Tough Grain

Tough or damp grain is like the soil that the sooner you can get rid of it, the better. The farmer with tough grain will be in a tough (1) position, the year. Due to the conditions, put storage accounts for tough grain will be extremely lacking.

The volume of tough grain is likely to be increased this year as a result of the more general use of combines, particularly in the hands of inexperienced operators, who may start harvesting before the crop is ripe.

The following suggestions are reproduced from a statement issued by the Manitoba Department of Agriculture. They have equal significance for Alberta and Saskatchewan farmers.

To Avoid Loss from Tough Grain
Allow grain in stock or swath to become thoroughly dry after a rain or heavy dew before threshing or combining.

Allow standing grain to become fully ripened before straight combining.

Wet seeds should be swathed before combining. Straight combining such as is made to the satisfaction of the threshed grain.

Farm Storage Suggestions
Wet seeds and other foreign material should be removed by cleaning before final storage.

The larger the bin, the greater risk of spoilage.

Whole grain must be stored on carts or concrete floors, a foot of straw covered with building or waterproof paper will assist in preventing spoilage. (Avoid use of tar paper.)

Avoid leaky roofs. Exclude drifting snow.

Where labour permits, grain too moist to be threshed may often be stacked and carried over satisfactorily to thresh at a later date.

There are no practical ways of drying tough grain on the farm.

For the time being, the best storage of grain may be had by writing to your Provincial Department of Agriculture.

SUMMARY OF MINBURN
M. D. NO. 453 MINUTES

Minutes of the Council held at Minburn on Monday, August 10, 1942.

Members present—W. Revill Reeve; W. Ramsey, Deputy Reeve; Geo. Pheasey, W. H. Empey, A. W. Fisher, P. Kaminsky, L. McCol- lum.

P. Kaminsky that the minutes of the last regular meeting be adopted as read. Cd.

L. McColum that the financial report for the month of July be accepted. Cd.

The building committee reported that Plans of the proposed office at Minburn had been received from the Department of Public Works and that the Hon. W. A. Fallow would meet the council at one o'clock to discuss the conditions of the lease, etc.

Meeting called to order at one o'clock by the reeve.

Hon. Mr. Fallow was present and informed the Council that his department was willing to erect a building at Minburn suitable for the Municipal District's business and also as a Treasury Branch. This building would be leased to the District at a rental of \$20.00 per month it being understood that the district would transact their banking business with the Treasury Branch. The question was fully discussed and the following resolution was presented:

G. Pheasey: That the Government offer of an office building in Minburn be rejected. Five for; 2 against. Cd.

Mr. Myers and Mr. Park representing the Village of Minburn interviewed the Council confirming their previous offer to erect a building for a municipal office and rent same to the Council at a rental of \$20.00 per month. The Council was also informed that Treasury Branch facilities would be available each day in Minburn.

G. Pheasey—That no action be taken in respect to the offer from Minburn regarding office building.

L. McColum—Amendment: That the motion be amended by striking out the words "no action" and the words "tabled until next meeting" inserted thereto.

The amendment was carried.

The motion as amended was read—that in respect to the offer from Minburn regarding office building tabled until next meeting. Carried.

A petition objecting to herd law being introduced in that portion of Division No. 1 lying north of 9-47-4 with was presented to the Council. Ordered filed as this question is being held over for further investigation.

W. Revill reported that he had met the Viking Municipal Hospital Board in regard to the past due requisitions and that no further interest would be charged, and recommended that this claim be paid this year.

W. Ramsey—That Mr. Revill's report be accepted. Carried.

M. T. R. Harry made an offer of \$75.00 for a building on the S half 12-47-12 acquired by M.D. W. H. Empey—That the offer of \$75.00 for the building on the S half 12-47-12 be accepted, such amount to be credited to the tax arrears against the property. Carried.

Certain offers were received in respect to the W. half 33-49-10. W. Ramsey—That Joe Nash be offered the W half 33-49-10 w4th for the sum of \$1000.00; cash payment \$200.00; balance equal payments five years interest 5 percent. Carried.

Mr. P. Kosteriwa offered to purchase the W half 25-47-10 w4th and also to lease the E½ of this section.

This land being under lease to C. L. Holt with the provision that Mr. Holt would have the first opportunity of purchase. The secretary was instructed to inform Mr. Holt that an offer had been received for this parcel and give him the opportunity of exercising his option.

W. H. Empey—That G. T. Loney of Viking be allowed the sum of \$5.00 in payment of his services in connection with the distribution of grass seed at Viking. Carried.

A. W. Fisher—That an agreement be entered into with Wm. Love to build 3 miles of road in Division No. 6 starting at the west boundary of Tp 47 Rge 12 and running 3 miles east, said road to be built with a 20 ft crown and 54 feet overall including ditch on both sides and to pass inspection on both sides and to pass inspection by the Government Engineer. He also agrees to cut down the hill at the NW corner of 31-47-11, said hill to be cut down level with the bottom of the adjacent slough. The district to pay the said Wm. Love the sum of twelve hundred

Warm Weather
Needed For HarvestBANK OF MONTREAL
CROP REPORT NO. 10

GENERAL — Widespread light heavy rains have occurred in the Prairie Provinces, with benefit to former dry areas but to the detriment of others, and, generally speaking, warm, dry weather remains the chief requirement in the crop situation. Further lodging has occurred, chiefly in heavy stands of barley. Wheat is filling out but ripening slowly. Harvesting of rye and barley is fairly widespread, with good yields indicated, but cutting of wheat will not be general for ten days. Apart from some sawfly damage in Southwestern Saskatchewan, injury from pests has been light. Fodder crops and pasture are good. Sugar beets are quite promising. In Quebec, crops continue to make good progress under favourable weather conditions. There is ample moisture and prospects point to a better-than-average harvest. In Ontario, threshing of fall wheat is well advanced and above average yields of good quality grain are assured. Cutting of spring grain is nearing completion, with good average yields in prospect. Sugar beets are developing well, and corn and root crops are making satisfactory progress. Harvesting of tobacco is general, with a slightly less-than-average crop anticipated. Pastures generally are in good condition. In the Maritime Provinces, weather conditions during the past week have been favourable and, while some sections continue to suffer from lack of moisture, the outlook generally is for a good harvest. In British Columbia, crops generally continue to show good promise under favourable growing conditions.

Alberta — The heavy but late crop continues to make satisfactory progress. Harvesting of wheat has commenced in the Peace River area and of barley and rye in a few other localities but will not be general for two weeks. Strong winds and heavy rains have caused serious lodging of crops, and leaf rust is reported in some.

You can remove fruit stains from white woolens by soaking the stains 10 minutes in a quart of soapsuds water with a tablespoon of hydrogen peroxide mixed in. Rinse in clear, lukewarm water and dry.

Parsley will keep fresh several days if it is washed well and water and placed in a jar while dripping with water. Cover tightly and store in the refrigerator.

Try poaching eggs in hot milk instead of water; they are tastier.

dollars for building the said three miles and two hundred dollars for cutting down the said hill. Cd.

Applications for refund of poll tax were received, from Mrs. Helen Piscia and Mrs. M. M. Gleason both school teachers. They claimed refunds on the grounds that their husbands were taxpayers in the Village of Viking.

G. Pheasey—That the Council refuse refund of poll tax to Mrs. Helen Piscia and Mrs. M. M. Gleason as they were gainfully employed and could not be considered taxpayers. That Miss Lillian Belanger be refunded the \$4.00 poll tax as she had furnished proof that she is under 21 years of age. Carried.

Wm. Revill—in accordance with the provisions of By-Law No. 4-1942 we enter into a contract with Dr. Bradford of Vermilion at the rate of \$3600.00 per year for the balance of 1942 commencing on the 15th day of August, 1942. Cd.

A delegation from the Council of the Village of Manville met the offer of the W. half 33-49-10 w4th to be used to enlarge the present office at Manville in order that same would be suitable for the office of the M. D. of Minburn. The gift subject to the approval of the ratepayers of the Village of Manville.

Wm. Revill—That the offer of the Village of Manville be tabled. Carried.

W. H. Empey—That the sale of a right of way through the N½ 3-48-11 w4th to the Northwestern Utilities be approved and that the by-law be passed as soon as the actual acreage taken is available. Sale subject to the approval of the Minister. Carried.

A. W. Fisher—That the accounts and paybooks be paid.

G. Pheasey—That the next meeting be held at Viking on the 14th September commencing at 10 o'clock. Carried.

M.D. Wainwright
Council Minutes

(continued from front page)

NE 35-43-1-4, and buildings on the SE 35-43-1-4, and he be authorized to dispose of the same. Cd.

Letter read and noted from E. J. Cotton regarding municipal roads through military reserve.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that the matter of weeds along the road through the military reserve be left in the hands of reeve Sutherland. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Taylor that we offer T. Heathfield the sum of \$10 for borrow pit on the NW 6-45-4. Cd.

Letter received from T. Goddard and J. Sutherland regarding weeds.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the wages as set for motor grader was approved by council and was intended for the complete season, therefore no change can very well be made at this time. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that the account of C. Nicodemus on account of work completed to date in the amount of \$6029.00 be passed and ordered paid. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that as the hour is now eleven o'clock p.m. we adjourn until nine o'clock a.m. August 14. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the report of the meeting held July 22, 1942, when the council met as a committee of the whole be accepted, and the action of the said committee be approved and a copy of this report be incorporated in the minutes. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that the action of the public works committee in signing an agreement for further work with C. Nicodemus be approved and if found necessary that Mr. Nicodemus be requested to accept a percentage of payment in 1943 for the above work. Carried, councillor Dixon dissenting.

Moved by Mr. Sutherland that the secretary be authorized to go to Custer school for the purpose of taking statements of claim on Wednesday afternoon, August 19, 1942. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that the following townships be reported under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act as having been hailed to some extent: 46-1-4; 41-4-4; 42-4-4; 42-1-4; 43-1-4; 42-2-4; 43-2-4. Cd.

Secretary reported mother's allowances granted to Mrs. Lemare in the amount of \$20.00 per month.

Secretary advised to write for more credential cards for municipal district's convention delegates.

Moved by Mr. Taylor that the following Form B's be passed, recommended by councillor Spences: 46-165.00; councillor Sutherland \$3156.00; councillor Strachan \$9750; councillor Dixon \$8050.00; councillor Archibald \$8500.00. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spences that we adjourn at 1:30 o'clock p.m. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sutherland that the weed inspector's report from divisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 be accepted and accounts as presented be paid. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Strachan that we advise Drs. Folkins, Middlemass, Wallace and Hemmings that we would appreciate it if we would be able to meet them on September 1.

11 for the purpose of discussing our proposed medical agreement, suggested time 2:00 p.m. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Taylor that we offer the Commercial Life Assurance Co. \$10.00 for enough gravel from the NW 9-45-6-4 to gravel the grade through the coulee at the NW corner of the above section. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Taylor that we offer T. Heathfield the sum of \$10 for borrow pit on the NW 6-45-4. Cd.

Letter received from T. Goddard and J. Sutherland regarding weeds.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that we write the Royal Alexandra hospital for a statement of all accounts owing by the former municipal district of Vise No. 392 and totalling \$665.00 as per their letter, and also for information as to what has been done to collect these amounts from the individuals. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Strachan that we write to Mr. McPeak be advised that this is already an authorized T.B. testing area and that the same will probably be put into operation as soon as veterinarians are available after the war. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Sutherland that the list of accounts as submitted by the auditor for authorization be approved. Cd.

Moved by Mr. Spencer that the following townships be reported under the Prairie Farm Assistance Act as having been hailed to some extent: 46-1-4; 41-4-4; 42-4-4; 42-1-4; 43-1-4; 42-2-4; 43-2-4. Cd.

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PRICE: TEN CENTS

Proceeds to Canadian National Railways Employees War Service Association to provide comforts for members of the Fighting Services.

To secure a copy send Tea City Passenger and Ticket Agent, Canadian National Railways, Jasper & 10th Sts. Edmonton Alta.

RE 6-45-6-4

WESTERN CANADA PRECIPITATION MAP
SHOWING PRECIPITATION FROM APRIL 1ST TO AUGUST 10TH, 1942

COMBINED WITH THE MOISTURE WHICH OCCURRED DURING AUGUST, SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER, 1941

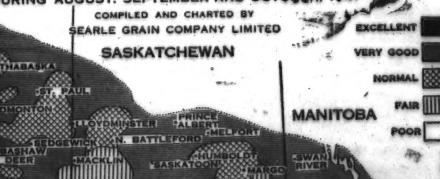
COMPILED AND CHARTED BY SEARLE GRAIN COMPANY LIMITED

EXCELLENT

VERY GOOD

NORMAL

Poor



The map printed above shows the distribution of rainfall that has occurred over the prairie provinces during the months of August, September and October, 1941 and the growing season of 1942 to August 10, 1942 combined.

It will be observed from this map that most areas of the prairie provinces have received an abundance of rainfall and the general moisture situation is now better than for many years back. A number of areas, however, are somewhat deficient in moisture, notably in the western central part of Saskatchewan and

the condition is 121 per cent as compared with 77 per cent a year ago; for Saskatchewan the moisture condition is 114 per cent as compared with 85 per cent a year ago, and for Manitoba the moisture condition is 128 per cent as compared with 118 per cent a year ago.

The moisture condition of the three prairie provinces for the fall of 1941 and the growing season of 1942 to August 10, 1942 combined, weighted and averaged for wheat acreage, is 118 per cent of normal as compared with 87 per cent a year ago. In Alberta, similarly,

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DREAMLAND
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AT THEIR BEST

Northern VICTORIA ACTION
SOUND Electric SYSTEM

Canadians Are Warned

COMMISSIONER S. T. WOOD of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police recently issued a statement, warning Canadians against the spreading of rumors in wartime. We have been constantly reminded of this ever since the outbreak of war, yet it seems that too much cannot be said of the evils which may result from idle talk and lack of consideration by people in these times. Hitler has waged a "war of nerves" as part of his evil strategy and no small share of his success in the past three years has been due to his ability to cause uncertainty and distrust among the people in the lands he sought to conquer. When we listen to, or repeat, a story that belittles in any way our war effort, or our faith in our cause, we should consider how well pleased the Axis powers would be, to see those seeds of doubt sown among us.

A Total War Effort In a war effort as large as ours mistakes may occasionally be made. With as many widespread posts to defend as the British Empire has had in this war, there are bound to be losses, some miscalculations in strategy. Yet from the knowledge of some single error in production in a munition plant, or from a reversal on one of our fighting fronts, there have grown stories transforming these into major calamities, and doing serious harm to our morale. As has been shown clearly in England and in Europe, this war is fought not by the armed forces alone, but by every man, woman and child. It is indeed a "total war." As yet the Canadian people at home have not had to face the horrors of mass bombings. There have been no great national catastrophes such as sometimes occur in wartime. We have, as a civilian population, been asked to make sacrifices in proportion to those nearer to the enemy and threatened with attack. One of the ways in which we can serve, is in stamping out rumor and doing our part to keep up morale.

In England, the Ministry of Information has recently released a motion picture dealing with this subject. The title of the picture is "The Next of Kin Have Been Notified," and it shows in a poignant story how careless talk may cause the loss of many lives, a less quite needless and therefore all the more regrettable. With our Allies we belong to a group known as the "United Nations." The fall of the smaller nations of Europe, one by one, drove home to every one the vast importance of the word "united." The way will be long and hard, but there is no doubt that with the great resources they command, and with the great moral issues for which we fight, the United Nations will, in the end, triumph. Let no one in Canada doubt that and let no one countenance or repeat any word that may sow seeds of doubt here. Commissioner Wood has long served the Canadian people and his advice now should be heeded by all.

Are Well-Equipped

Russian Guerrillas Took What They Needed From Nazi Invaders

Pravda, the Communist party newspaper, reporting on a year of activity by Smolensk province guerrillas, said a band led by a patriot called "Batay," meaning Sandy, captured 300 villages and killed 6,000 Germans.

A year ago the partisans had only hunting weapons. Now numbering in the thousands, they possess machine-guns, automatic rifles and seven tanks captured from the invaders, the newspaper said.

A First Class Job

Queen Elizabeth Used Automatic Sealer On Can Of Fruit

The Queen canned her first tin of fruit and received full credit for "a perfectly sealed canister" during her visit to the women's institute canning unit at Reading, England.

She watched villagers arriving with their baskets of homegrown fruit and when she saw cans of plums sealed with an automatic sealer she asked to be allowed to "try her hand."

Within 30 seconds Her Majesty had produced a perfectly-sealed tin which will be sent her for her own use.



Let's get down to cases. Forget all about proteins and carbohydrates and starches and vitamins. Being well-nourished is a habit which is best confined to the well-to-do. That's why we are issued free by the Health League of Canada. Winter Division, 111 Avenue Road, Toronto, (for a copy, or for your copy?) says you can secure the essentials by eating one serving of each meat, potatoes, green-leaf or yellow vegetable, oatmeal porridge or whole wheat cereal, one egg, six slices of real whole wheat bread, one glass of tomato, orange or grapefruit juice, and three glasses of milk. Simple, isn't it? And economical!

Here's the week's adequate meals, at the least possible cost. And the first week is NOT the hardest. It's easy:

DAY	BREAKFAST	LUNCH OR SUPPER	DINNER
Sunday	Tomato Juice Rolled Oats with Wheat Germ Toast, Butter Marmalade Coffee, Cocoa	Peanut Butter Sandwiches Carrot Strips Sliced Orange Gingerbread Cocoa	Rolled Pot Roast Of Beef and Gravy Boiled Potatoes Mashed Turnips Buttered Rice Tea and Milk
Monday	Tomato Juice Rolled Oats with Wheat Germ Toast, Butter Jam Coffee, Cocoa	Cream of Corn Soup Real whole wheat Bread and Butter Cabbage and Carrot Salad Canned Plums, Milk	Cold Pot Roast Fried Potatoes Buttered Beets Gingerbread Brown Sugar Cakes Tea and Milk
Tuesday	Stewed Prunes Rolled Oats with Wheat Germ Toast, Butter Marmalade Coffee, Milk	Macaroni with tomato Sauce Fruit Cup Real whole wheat Bread and Butter Milk	Sausages Buttered Cabbage Celery Cup Cornstarch custard pudding with jam Tea and Milk
Wednesday	Orange Cracked Wheat with Wheat Germ Toast, Butter Jam Coffee, Cocoa	Cream of tomato soup Beef and Gravy Carrot Strips Whole Wheat Muffins and Butter Tea and Milk	Creamy Eggs Baked Potatoes Mashed Potatoes Stewed Rhubarb Tea and Milk
Thursday	Tomato Juice Rolled Oats with Wheat Germ Toast, Butter Marmalade Coffee, Cocoa	Vegetable Soup Toast and Butter Carrot Strips Chocolate Pudding Tea and Milk	Liver Loaf or Braised Liver Baked Potatoes Buttered Carrots Jelly Powder Dessert, Tea, Milk
Friday	Stewed Prunes Rolled Oats with Wheat Germ Toast, Butter, Jam Coffee, Milk	Potato & Onion Soup Cottage and Peanut Butter Salad Real Whole Wheat Bread and Butter Cocoa	Fish with Parsley Sauces Carrot Strips Canned Peaches Toasted Butter Tea and Milk
Saturday	Tomato Juice Rolled Oats with Wheat Germ Toast, Butter Marmalade Coffee, Cocoa	Poached Eggs on Toast Spinach Chocolate Bread Pudding Tea and Milk	Beans with Tomato Sauce Carrot Strips Canned Peaches Toasted Butter Tea and Milk

Note: Real whole wheat bread to be served at each meal. For the diet to be adequate, adults should drink milk for lunch or supper. Cod liver oil is necessary to supply sufficient vitamins A and D.

After you have lived on this diet for a week, write a 500-word essay describing either the economies you have effected or the benefits you have derived. The Health League of Canada will award a ten dollar (\$10.00) prize to the writer of the best essay.

WILSON'S FLY PADS

REALLY KILL

One pad kills flies all day and every day—up to 5 weeks. It's painless, easy to use. No sprays, no sticks, no bad odor. Ask your Drugget, Grocery or General Store.

10 CENTS PER PACKET

WHY PAY MORE?

THE WILSON FLY PAD CO., Hamilton, Ont.

AIR TRAINING PLAN

LIST OF GRADUATES

The following students graduated under the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan from:

No. 12 Service Flying Training School

No. 13 Service Flying Training School

No. 14 Service Flying Training School

No. 15 Service Flying Training School

No. 16 Service Flying Training School

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Royal Canadian Mounted Police Are Playing An Important Part In The Prosecution Of The War

By Commissioner S. T. Wood, R.C.M.P.

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police throughout its history in times of trouble has been closely connected with the Canadian Army. This close connection began during the Rebellion of 1885, and has continued ever since.

During the rebellion, the North West Mounted Police, as the force was then called, played a prominent part in fighting which finally suppressed the rebellion, and performed other valuable services.

During the South African war a comparatively large number of officers and men of the N.W.M.P. were allowed to join the Canadian mounted units proceeding to South Africa and a number of them afterwards became distinguished soldiers. One member was awarded the Victoria Cross during that campaign.

During the Great War, the renamed Royal North West Mounted Police sent a large draft of 700 officers and men overseas to England and France and a squadron to Siberia.

At the outbreak of the present conflict, the Department of National Defence gave the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, whose name had again been changed, the singular honor of organizing the First Provost Company for the Canadian Army. As soon as the announcement was made offers of service flowed into R.C.M.P. headquarters from all divisions of the force. The war establishment of such a company at that time totalled a strength of 106 officers, non-commissioned officers and men with the necessary equipment and transport and there was no difficulty whatever in selecting the number required. This provost company was assembled at "N" Division, Rockcliffe, Ont., early in November, 1939, and the officer selected to command it was Superintendent W. R. Day.

Men chosen for the provost company, of course, had to be 100 per cent medically fit. They were required to know first aid, to be skilled motorcycleists, and were given intensive training at Rockcliffe before leaving for England, where they arrived in December, 1939. Since that time, the R.C.M.P. had supplied 204 reinforcements to the First Provost Company.

A number of the originals of the First Provost Company have been granted commissions in the Canadian and British armies. More than 20 of these young men have gone to help command other provost companies, or have been granted commissions in other units. Naturally the R.C.M.P. is proud of the provost company.

It is also interesting that a few of the First Provost Company had reached France before the collapse of that country. Members of the company now in England have performed many services. Some have brought over prisoners of war to Canada.

At the inspection of the First Canadian Division by His Majesty the King, Major-General G. R. Pearkes, V.C., complimented the First Provost Company. Incidentally, General Pearkes is an ex-member of the R.C.M.P.

Sending reinforcements to the provost company has not been without hazard, and some of our members were on the ill-fated "Narissa."

As might have been expected, the R.C.M.P. has also furnished the Canadian army in Canada with a fingerprint expert (Sergeant Goodfellow). A constable has also been attached to the army as an expert in cryptography.

Furthermore, the force itself during the performance of its duties in Canada, is of course, responsible for many services to the army which cannot be gone into in detail. There are also services in which the co-operation of chiefs of police throughout the country are secured, but the initiative usually rests with the R.C.M.P.

The hunting down and escorting of prisoners of war who escaped in Canada from internment camps is, of course, another of the duties which the Royal Canadian Mounted Police must take in their stride.

Since the outbreak of the war, the duties of the R.C.M.P. have been increased the duties which would otherwise have had to be taken over by the military. The guarding of vulnerable points, such as the Welland Canal, which is of military importance, the guarding of bridges on transportation systems, and civil security at such points as Montreal, Halifax and Vancouver indicate some

of the incidents of internal security of which the Canadian Army is relieved. For this purpose, a large number of Special Constable Guards have been engaged.

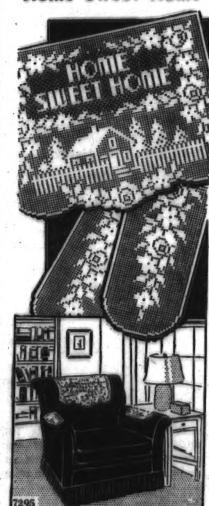
Much more could be said regarding the force's contribution to the Royal Canadian Navy and the Royal Canadian Air Force. In the case of the navy, the R.C.M.P. at the outbreak of war transferred no less than 28 of various kinds, and 150 officers and men; three aircraft, one officer and six pilots were placed at the disposal of the air force.

Criticism For Gandhi.

Once Profound Admirers Are, Perplexed Over His Attitude.

Some distinctly poignant criticism is directed on Mr. Gandhi just now even by patriotic Indians who were once his profound admirers and loyal disciples, comments a London correspondent of the Ottawa Journal. One such Indian critic confessed to high perplexity. He recent Mr. Gandhi's "non-violent non-co-operation" attitude to the imminent threat of Japanese invasion, which would mean capitulation on the enemy's terms, and asked if the Indian Government, in its present acceptance of that philosophy with its earlier loudly proclaimed determination to fight the invaders to the death. This succumbing to Mr. Gandhi's witchery, says the Indian critic, means brutalities and brutalities. This gentleman is further perplexed by Mr. Gandhi's demand of separation from the British Commonwealth after his admission that such withdrawal would be inevitable, plunge India into civil war and bloodshed. He contends that the so-called Indian "National" Congress now possesses no claim to any such title. It simply voices Mr. Gandhi's opinions and views. "It seems to me," concludes this intelligent Indian observer, "that the really good and the Indian politician are at daggers drawn within Mr. Gandhi's soul." British observers may very well leave it at that.

Newest Chair Set Says Home Sweet Home



by Alice Brooks

Here's a set of crocheted chair covers that's worthy of any home, and it's exquisite done in fine cotton. Beautify and protect your chair with this lovely set. Pattern No. 295 contains charts and directions for making six illustrations of set and of stitches, materials needed.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted). Home Arts Department, Evening Telegram, 1155 10th Street, Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number.

PORK BY-PRODUCTS
It has taken years of scientific research, the application of chemical control by means of chemical laboratories, and an exhaustive study of the methods of production and distribution to place the thousand-and-one products of the hog, most of which were formerly regarded as waste, in the relatively important position they hold today.

China has only 10,000 physicians trained according to western standards.

Insulate The Home

Dry Sawdust And Shavings Are Now Used Extensively

Dry sawdust and shavings are used extensively for the insulation of houses and other buildings in some parts of Canada, according to the Forest Products Laboratories of the Department of Mines and Resources. A survey conducted recently among architects, engineers, builders, and lumbermen throughout Canada established instances where these by-products of the wood-using industries have given efficient insulating service for periods of more than fifty years. It appears that their use for this purpose is increasing, particularly in western Canada.

Although the excellent insulating properties of sawdust and shavings have long been recognized, still further extension of their use has been hindered by various fears and prejudices, which results of the survey by some that the presence of these materials in walls provided favorable breeding places for vermin, but no evidence has been produced to indicate that sawdust and shavings are any particular attraction to insects or rodents. Similarly, the idea that the use of these materials encourages the decay of timber is not confirmed by the records.

Most serious deterrent to the use of sawdust and shavings in insulation is the alleged fire hazard. It has been shown that a wall properly packed with these materials is a much more effective fire-stop than a hollow frame wall. In this connection one instance was reported of a fire in a printing establishment, which destroyed the machinery in the building as well as the type and other equipment but did very little harm to the walls and roof which were insulated with sawdust and shavings.

Although certain cities have imposed restrictions on the use of sawdust and shavings in the buildings, it appears that one of the main hindrances to their use lies in the lack of a specification which would ensure that they are satisfactorily prepared for the purpose. Lending force to this statement is the fact that pulverized or screened shavings sold under trade names are used for insulation in some municipalities where sawdust and shavings as such are prohibited.

Careful About Details

General McNaughton Would Not Undertake Anything Unless Fully Prepared

"Highly speculative" is the way Stephen Early, President Roosevelt's secretary, describes the report that both London and Washington pick General McNaughton to command the force that will invade the continent of Europe. That is a diplomatic description of a report for which there is no foundation save the statement of an anonymous "military source" professing to know both the wishes of the British War Office and of the war leaders in Washington. Whether, if the command were offered, General McNaughton would accept it, nobody but he can say, but it may be said that if he did, there would be no invasion until everything was ready to the last hand grenade. The commander of the Canadian army in Britain is not one of those who believe that courage can make up for lack of equipment or that men's lives should be risked in ill-prepared undertakings. As a soldier-scientist he has stated over and over again that war should be won with the use of materials, rather than human life, and from that belief he will not be budged by any armchair strategist in the world.—Toronto Evening Telegram.

Aims Of Free French

General de Gaulle's Political Policy Is Approved By Patriots

General Charles de Gaulle defined Free French political aims for the first time in a declaration founded on the principles of the Atlantic Charter and providing for the election of a "National Assembly" by the French people to decide their own future when the Germans are driven out.

The declaration, having five main points, is understood to have been approved by leaders of resistance to the German occupation in France through some of the most remarkable secret underground negotiations since the Nazis overran Europe.

De Gaulle said the Free French stand:

1. Election of a National Assembly when the Germans are driven out to decide the future of France and the restoration of the complete integrity of "our home country and the French Empire."

2. Punishment of Nazi leaders and traitors within France, destruction of the totalitarian system as well as the overthrow of the system of private interests.

3. At home practical guarantees must be worked out to put an end to tyranny constituted by the perpetual infringement of rights and ensure liberty and dignity in work and life of every citizen."

4. Destruction of the "mechanical organization of mankind" such as the enemy has achieved in contempt of all religion, morals and charity"; restoration of the age-old French ideal of "liberty, equality, fraternity."

5. Creation of "a world organization establishing lasting solidarity and mutual help between nations of every sphere."

Aide was written as part of the festivities for Empress Eugenie at the opening of the Suez Canal in 1869.

It is said that all flowers are descended from the buttercup.

One average-size ocean tanker carries as much oil as 280 railway tank cars.

The Timber Reserves Of Canada Have Proven To Be Of Utmost Value In Aiding Our War Effort

Planning New London

Architects And Builders See Smokeless City With Wide Streets

The "Victory Capital" that will rise from the ruins of bomb-wrecked London is rapidly taking shape on paper.

Its planners picture a bright, smokeless city of wide streets and avenues, modern business buildings, airports and "driveway-proof" homes.

The architects and builders, at work over blueprints of the post-war London, while Government surveyors study the possibilities of devastated areas in the new scheme of things, think in terms of fast-moving traffic, accessible suburbs and beautiful show places.

They anticipate great expansion of air travel and their plans call for "air-taxi" ranks sprinkled about the city and a great, central airdrome for international air lines.

Re-building projects under consideration by authorities of the various London boroughs are being coordinated by Professor Patrick Abercrombie, planning adviser of the London County Council, and Alfred Bosom, well-known architect, member of Parliament.

The vast undertaking includes reconstruction of bomb-torn historic buildings and beautifications of their sites. Roofs may be stretched across the tops of railway yards to serve as the runway for some of the "air-taxi" fields. Others will be built in parks.

Bosom describes homes in the "Victory Capital" as central heated without the traditional but dirty coal grates, and sporting every form of labor-saving device.

Problems relating to the design and testing of shipping containers of wood, fibreboard, corrugated board and plywood for the consignment of munitions, foodstuffs and equipment have been solved by the laboratory workers. The transport of munitions overseas requires a multitude of containers of various sizes and types as well as the utmost economy in cargo space, and in numerous cases changes of design suggested by the laboratories have made possible saving in both ship space and material with no loss of efficiency.

The use of Canadian species of wood and plywood for army purposes has given rise to many new problems as to methods of manufacture, species desirable and bonding materials, and thousands of requests for assistance both from army authorities and manufacturers engaged on military contracts have been handled by the laboratories' staff.

The supply of black walnut, hitherto the preferred material for rifle furnishings, is no longer adequate to the demand, and on the recommendation of the laboratories yellow birch and maple have been tried and found satisfactory substitutes. The heavy testing machines in the laboratories have been of the greatest value in performing tests on materials other than wood, both for the defence services and for manufacturers engaged on war contracts.

With the outbreak of war in 1939 Canada was faced with the problems of intervening thousands of enemy aliens and to the department of national defence fell the task of finding suitable areas for the establishment of permanent internment camps.

Another war activity of the lands, parks and forest branch was brought about by an amendment to the national war services regulations in 1941 which permitted Mammonties and other conscientious objectors exempted from military service to perform alternative service work. Accordingly, approximately 1,300 of these workers were detailed to projects in Banff, Jasper, Kootenay, Prince Albert and Riding Mountain national parks. A number were also sent to Kananaskis forest experiment station in Alberta, and in 1942 additional workers were assigned to Petawawa forest experiment station.

EARLY MAN DWELLING

Alien internees on the Isle of Man have uncovered an ancient dwelling considered dating about 500 A.D., built of wood faced with clay where early Man lived in peacetime.

UNIVERSITY DEGREES

Lt.-Gen. A. G. L. McNaughton, commander of the Canadian army in Britain, and Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo, Chinese ambassador to Britain, received honorary degrees of doctor of laws from Birmingham University.

One ounce of a reinforced margarine now sold in the United Kingdom is said to contain more vitamin D than an average egg.

First giraffes taken into Europe were called camelopardes because they had the "form" of a camel and the "skin" of a leopard.



Bathing—Lake Linnet, Waterton Lakes National Park, Alberta, Canada

THE RAILWAY AND THE WAR

By Thurstan Topham

Steamship Lines owned and operated by the Canadian railways have played a vital part in the war effort of the United Nations

Two of the famous West Indies luxury liners were among the ships of the Canadian National Steamship's fleet which fell victim to the treacherous Axis U-boats.



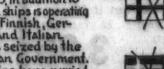
The Lady Somers, requisitioned for War Service, was lost in action in the Mediterranean on July 15, 1941, while serving as an auxiliary cruiser.

Chief Officer P. A. Kelly, in charge of one of the lifeboats, was able to get his boat off for five days, weathering a violent storm, before being picked up by the SS Coamo, which took the survivors to port.



The Lady Hawkins was torpedoed and sunk without warning at dead of night in the Atlantic on Jan. 19, 1942.

Chief Officer Kelly, in charge of one of the lifeboats, was able to get his boat off for five days, weathering a violent storm, before being picked up by the SS Coamo, which took the survivors to port.



No chances were taken by Chief Officer Kelly. Although the lifeboat stores would have been exhausted, he carefully rationed the food, doled out the condensed milk in the upside bottom of a tin can, and the "silver service," the survivors called it.



Togs For The Youngsters

LET US SHOW YOU WHAT WE HAVE FOR THEM. STURDY DEPENDABLE GARMENTS AT REASONABLE PRICES

Sweaters

Made from long staple cotton yarns in shades of blue, grey, fawn. Knit with patterns of contrasting shades. Round neck, short sleeves. Special 69c

Boys' Shirts

Come in a variety of materials, cottons, spuns, broadcloth, drills etc. in a good range of colors. 59c and 79c

Sweatshirts

A dandy line for the first cool days. Warm fleeces lining in shades of green, white, blue, maroon. Sizes 28 to 34. Motifs on chest. Special 1.29



Jacket Special

Specially made in Alberta factories for Alberta boys who face Alberta weather. Warm fleece lined windproof moleskin, in shades of green, airforce, buckskin. Warmly lined with Kaska cloth. Full zipper front, 2 pockets, buttondown. Contrasting trim. Sizes 6 to 16. 2.95

Extra special, at



School Slacks

For the bigger girls. A special in slacks. Made from fine English wool flannel in shades of navy and green. Sizes 14 to 20. A regular \$4.00 garment, for 2.98

Boys' School Shoes

Made by Greb, this new shoe will be a favorite. No. 1 black elastic upper, Blucher cut, plain toe, soft and pliable with a sewn No. 1 oak bend sole, this shoe is ideal in dry weather and is easily covered by rubbers or overshoes for fall. 2.85 Sizes 11 to 13. 2.95 Sizes 1 to 5 1/2



Campus Hose

This popular type hose for the school girl. Terry cloth, rayon, heavy lisle and all wool. 39c 49c 59c 89c

Priced at per pair

Boys' Pants

See what we have for you. Rider pants, torseader black denim, mole skin and tweed for school and better wear. Good values in all numbers. Priced at per pair



1.45 to 2.95

Albert District News

LOCALS

Miss Evelyn McIntee has joined the C.W.A.C.

Mrs. Arnold and daughter, Edna, are visiting in Edmonton this week.

Harvesting operations have been delayed due to a rain on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Mrs. Stougaard has had a visit from her grand-daughter, Doris.

Mrs. Jas. Sonneff has been assigned the Ross school for the coming year.

A small brown key case containing three keys has been lost. Finder please return to E. W. Carter.

Mrs. Phillips, nee Marie Webber, is visiting her mother and sister, Mrs. P. Webber and Marjorie, this week.

On and after August 31 farmers may obtain truck licenses at a reduction of 40 per cent. Grain hauling permits can now be obtained at a cost of \$25.00.

All schools in the Wainwright school division, including the Irma high school, will open on Monday, August 31. The Irma public school will not open until Tuesday, September 1.

Banks and post offices are now selling war savings certificates. Every certificate you buy helps the war effort.

Farmers wishing to secure feeder cattle through the Wainwright-Edgerton-Chauvin Feeders' Association Ltd. should make application at an early date. Applications can be secured from G. Reynolds, Wainwright; or C. G. Moore, secy. Edgerton.

When washing walls or floors, use a sponge wrung out of soap Suds first, then wipe over with a cloth. The sponge loosens the dirt, while the cloth, used afterwards, absorbs the water and prevents streaks.

Do not move bread dough after it begins to rise, or it is likely to fall. Select a spot out of a draft for the bowl. Cover with a cloth and then let the dough alone.

A piece of glass, cut to the width of the window sill upon which plants are placed, will save the woodwork. The glass is easy to wash and it will not detract from the appearance of the room.

Pete Harley Barnes is visiting his home in this district after being in hospital at Camrose.

Mrs. Peter Laidler received a visit from her husband who has been stationed on the Queen Charlotte Islands.

Mrs. Girling of Vancouver is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Griffiths.

Mrs. J. Herrick and daughter, Margaret, are spending a few days with Mrs. G. W. Hardy.

Mrs. A. R. McRoberts entertained a number of the Albert ladies at an enjoyable tea last Thursday. Misses Helen and Iva Currie spent the week-end in Irma.

To prevent the lint from white clothes showing up on colored clothes when laundering, use separate fresh sudsy water for the colored clothes. It takes a little extra time to start with but the finished product makes it worth the trouble.

If a bit of egg yolk gets into egg white, remove it by moistening the tip of a clean cloth and touching the yolk with it. The yolk will adhere to the cloth.

When making chocolate fudge, add one tablespoon of orange juice and grated rind of half an orange, instead of nuts for a change.

To keep desklin gloves soft when washing, add a few drops of olive oil to the rinsing water.

Take part of your change in WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

PARADE OF FOOD VALUES

MOLASSES. Crosby and Sugar House, No. 5 tin 45c

PURE CRABAPPLE JELLY, 4 pound tin 59c

PEARL and P & G SOAP, 5 bars for 25c

GOLDENLOAF CHEESE, 2 pound block 69c

PILCHARDS, in tomato sauce, fancy quality, 2 tins 29c

THRIFT SOAP FLAKES, 4 pound packet 45c

PAROWAX, seal your jars, 1 lb. pkts, 2 for 35c

BREAKFAST COCOA, 1 pound tin 33c

FLY COILS, new season's fly coils, per dozen 19c

46

from YOUR GROCERY, DRUG AND

TABACCO STORES—ALSO RESTAURANTS

BANKS AND POST OFFICES

46

SHIPPING HOGS

Every Tuesday and Wednesday

up to 1 o'clock p.m.

Starting Car Every Week

HIGHER PRICES PAID

O. A. Lovig, Irma

SHARON LUTHERAN CHURCH

Divine service at 11:30.

ST. MARY'S ANGLICAN

Morning service at 11 a.m., Sunday, August 23.

UNITED CHURCH

Paschendale—public worship 11:15

Roseberry—Sunday school 3 p.m.

Irma—Sunday school 11 a.m.

Public worship 8 p.m.

Sunday, August 30

The pastor, Rev. E. Longmire will conduct the services at all the above appointments.

A hearty invitation is extended to all these services.

ST. MARY'S ANGLICAN

Holy Communion, 9 a.m. Aug. 30.

Regular afternoon service at 2:30 on Sept. 8.

The service on Sept. 6 will be Rev. Watt's farewell service.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

When washing walls or floors, use a sponge wrung out of soap Suds first, then wipe over with a cloth. The sponge loosens the dirt, while the cloth, used afterwards, absorbs the water and prevents streaks.

Do not move bread dough after it begins to rise, or it is likely to fall. Select a spot out of a draft for the bowl. Cover with a cloth and then let the dough alone.

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Mrs. A. R. McRoberts entertained a number of the Albert ladies at an enjoyable tea last Thursday.

Misses Helen and Iva Currie spent the week-end in Irma.

To prevent the lint from white clothes showing up on colored clothes when laundering, use separate fresh sudsy water for the colored clothes. It takes a little extra time to start with but the finished product makes it worth the trouble.

If a bit of egg yolk gets into egg white, remove it by moistening the tip of a clean cloth and touching the yolk with it. The yolk will adhere to the cloth.

Two or three sprigs of mint cooked with apple sauce makes it a delicious accompaniment to meats.

Fried fish has particularly delicious flavor if a tablespoon of lemon juice is added to the egg in which the fish is dipped.

If a soft custard curdles, it can be set in a pan of ice water and beaten smooth with a rotary-type egg beater.

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If making chocolate fudge, add one tablespoon of orange juice and grated rind of half an orange, instead of nuts for a change.

To keep desklin gloves soft when washing, add a few drops of olive oil to the rinsing water.

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